

Section One: Vocabulary

Read each statement below carefully and fill in the blank(s) with the best answer (1, 2, 3, 4).

1- It was clear that the young couple were of taking charge of the restaurant.

- 1) responsible 2) reliable 3) capable 4) able

2- My holiday in New York gave me a great to improve my English accent.

- 1) occasion 2) chance 3) hope 4) learnability

3- The financial of paying for five children to go to university must have been quite difficult for your parents.

- 1) weight 2) change 3) burden 4) altitude

4- My father sent a/an bunch of flowers on my birthday.

- 1) perilous 2) dense 3) clear 4) enormous

5- Chimpanzees have largely from the forests of Burundi due to the destruction of their natural habitat.

- 1) vanished 2) predicted 3) debated 4) assembled

6- Mrs. Jackson signified the of the manager's lies by slowly shaking her head.

- 1) pretension 2) disapproval 3) victory 4) achievement

7- The cotton factories chiefly in the production of red and printed cottons.

- 1) subside 2) complete 3) excel 4) rave

8- She is the president of a local group which is working to all scientific testing on animals.

- 1) abide 2) apart 3) abolish 4) linger

9- My father has listed me as the of his life insurance policy.

- 1) beneficiary 2) bait 3) threat 4) depiction

10- The professor advised me not to my good grade by failing to turn in my assignment.

- 1) qualify 2) jeopardize 3) probe 4) redeem

11- Careless citizens are the who are responsible for much of the destruction which occurs in forests.

- 1) vandals 2) floods 3) morsels 4) bachelors

12- The teacher to Sarah that she had gotten the highest mark in class on the math test.

- 1) ignored 2) unified 3) vacillated 4) revealed

13- When the store manager realized that his supply of the popular new toys was beginning to, he placed an order for a thousand more units.

- 1) illustrate 2) reach 3) disinherit 4) dwindle

14- A medical team has successfully the disease to one village.

- 1) deprived 2) lost 3) confined 4) became

15- They have a beautiful car with an all-wood dashboard, and gorgeous leather

- 1) deck 2) upholstery 3) style 4) wax

16- Mary's at the sight of blood caused Dean to turn.

- 1) voicing 2) attempt 3) shriek 4) vote

17- A visit to the waterslides was the choice for our final class activity of the year.

- 1) unanimous 2) obedient 3) mute 4) gleam

18- No matter what our says, Dad had the last word about our destination.

- 1) lament 2) itinerary 3) generosity 4) grief

19- The attempt of the attorney to force the prisoner to himself was opposed to the whole spirit and tradition of the law in the country.

- 1) predict 2) lament 3) incriminate 4) expedite

20- He was able tothe accomplishments and style of an older pupil.

- 1) emulate 2) gesticulate 3) ignite 4) consent

21- After the accident and for three weeks, I was unable to attend to my duties, a I had never experienced before.

- 1) fugitive 2) density 3) calamity 4) toil

22- Harold was in such a over the death of his mother that he could hardly recognize the guests.

- 1) disaster 2) daze 3) culprit 4) wasp

23- Houses along the river are about five feet above the ground to protect them from the flood.

- 1) elevated 2) increased 3) invaded 4) obtained

24- During the brainstorming process, we do not any ideas until they have been thoroughly discussed.

- 1) relate 2) proceed 3) insist 4) discard

25- He was imprisoned for his country after informing the press of the secret program.

- 1) amending 2) indicating 3) enduring 4) betraying

Section Two: Structure Part One

Read the following sentences. Then choose the correct choice (1 , 2, 3 or 4) which best completes each sentence and mark your answer sheet.

26- "Why did you return so suddenly"?

"Well, he demanded that I"

- 1) left 2) leave 3) have left 4) must leave

27- "You can't seem to understand what I am saying".

"Frankly, I wish you more slowly".

- 1) will speak 2) speaking 3) speak 4) would speak

28- "I want to speak with the boss as soon as possible".

"He said he come tomorrow".

- 1) can 2) must 3) may 4) would

29- "You look pale and worried".

"For one thing, I am afraid the exam".

- 1) with 2) for 3) of 4) at

30- "Do you know anything about birds"?

"Yes , when I was a child I bird books".

- 1) used to read 2) used to reading 3) was used to read 4) was reading

31- There are geographic, economic, and cultural reasons why around the world.

- 1) diets differ 2) do diets differ 3) will diets differ 4) to differ diets

32- Only for a short period of time run at top speed.

- 1) cheetahs can 2) do cheetahs 3) that a cheetah can 4) cheetahs can do

33- In Roman numerals, symbols for numeric values.

- 1) are letters of the alphabet 2) letters of the alphabet are
3) which uses letters of the alphabet 4) in which letters of the alphabet

34- The X-ray treatments up to the time that he was dismissed from the hospital.

- 1) was given orderly 2) were given daily
3) basically have given 4) have been given

35- The population of the earth is increasing at a tremendous rate and out of control.

- 1) they have become 2) are soon going to be
3) soon will be 4) why it will be

36- When reading a book, you must keep your point of view separate from the point of view in you are studying.

- 1) that 2) the content and
3) the materials that 4) the content that is

37- Speech consists not merely of sounds but that follow various structural patterns.

- 1) of organized sound patterns 2) organized sound patterns
3) sound patterns are organized 4) in organizing sound patterns

38- When lava reaches the surface, its temperature can be ten times more than the boiling water.

- 1) the temperature 2) that of
3) by 4) of

39- The upper levels of the Sun's atmosphere are of very low heats the gases there to very high temperatures.

- 1) dense and solar 2) density, solar activity
3) density, but solar activity 4) density and activity of the Sun is

Section Two: Structure Part Two

Read the following sentences. In each sentence, choose the number of the underlined word or group of words that is NOT correct.

- 40- Don has₁ an elaborate excuse for being₂ late for the meeting, but Sandy didn't know₃ whether she should believe him₄ or not.
- 41- When I asked the ticket₁ seller if the concert was going₂ to be reschedule₃, she told me that she didn't know₄ and said that she just worked there.
- 42- A person in the audience asked the agronomy professor if the necessary₁ means to increase the world's food supply were₂ presently available. The professor stated that it might possible₃ to grow 50 percent of the world's food under water if we could develop₄ inexpensive methods.
- 43- I didn't know where am I₁ supposed to get off the bus, so₂ I asked the driver where the science museum was. She told me the name of the street₃. She said she would tell me when I should get off₄ the bus.
- 44- Mr. Brown, whose son won the spelling contest, is₁ very proud of his son's achievement. The man₂ whose daughter win₃ the science contest is also very pleased₄ and proud.
- 45- There must have been₁ 300 students in the room on the first day of class. The professor slowly read through the list of names. Upon hearing₂ my name, I raised hand₃ to identify myself₄.
- 46- According to a newspaper article which I read₁, the police arrested the man who had rubbed the First National Bank. The man₂ who was wearing plaid₃ shirt and blue jeans, was caught₄ shortly after he had left the bank.
- 47- There is an old legend which was told₁ among the people in my country about a man₂ who lived in₃ the seventeenth century saved₄ a village from destruction.

- 48- When I entered¹ the room, I found my wife to cry² over the broken vase³ that had belonged⁴ to her great grandmother.
- 49- One of our fights¹ ended up with me² having to sent³ to the hospital to get⁴ stitches.
- 50- After I heard¹ Mary describe² how cold it gets in³ Minnesota in the winter, I decided not⁴ to go there for my vacation in January.
- 51- Jane's family hadn't¹ received any² news from her since³ she arrived in Australia two weeks ago⁴.
- 52- Due to¹ consumer demand for ivory, many African elephants are being slaughtered ruthless². Consequently, many people who care about³ saving these animals from extinction refuse to buy any⁴ item made from ivory.
- 53- Last week, Ann and Mathew hired¹ a babysitter so that² they could have gone³ to a dinner party at the home of⁴ Mathew's boss.
- 54- I had never understood¹ the importance² of knowing English language³ until I worked at a large⁴ international company.
- 55- Perhaps¹ with the appointment of our new manager² director, we would see³ an end to the interdepartmental rivalries and quarrels of the previous⁴ years.
- 56- Some men¹ would do anything to get out of² war. It was not unknown³ for a recruit shooting himself⁴ in the leg accidentally.
- 57- I wish I could get out¹ of going to² the party this evening; I don't feel to like³ standing a round and talking⁴ for three hours.
- 58- Although¹ the old man was deeply exciting², he nevertheless managed to get through³ a short speech in which he thanked⁴ everyone for his retirement presents.
- 59- As¹ the audience consisted mainly of² the children's³ parents and relatives, the applaud⁴ for each item was loud and long.
- 60- The employment¹ of highly² qualified workers has great³ increased their⁴ production.

Section Two: Structure Part Three

In each of the following sets of sentences, three sentences are grammatically correct and one sentence is not grammatical. Identify the incorrect sentence and mark your answer sheet.

61-

- 1) The students were busy all the day long preparing their lessons.
- 2) On the rug, there is a dirty mark which must be removed.
- 3) Although he was badly ill, but he went to work as usual.
- 4) The company, having finished the construction project, received its pay.

62-

- 1) There is a lot of rain here as we are in monsoon season now.
- 2) I wonder why are you keep studying after graduated high school?
- 3) I doubt that there is even one man who can control himself in this situation.
- 4) I am worried that your English will get worse if you only talk to me.

63-

- 1) It is simply unimaginable to me not to fight back.
- 2) I must to say that your English is perfect. How did you learn it?
- 3) I am sorry for my abrupt exit yesterday because my boss suddenly turned up.
- 4) I didn't say bye to you yesterday, please don't be angry.

64-

- 1) Her best friend lives in that apartment building over there.
- 2) Last week we deliver 150 newspapers.
- 3) Yesterday you said you would like to learn how to knit a sweater.
- 4) My father still buys heating oil from a company in Chicago.

65-

- 1) May I buy five of those pictures hanging over there, please?
- 2) Everybody had dessert after they finished eating the main course.
- 3) Look over there. This is the biggest pumpkin I've ever seen.
- 4) Elena will wash the bike in the morning so that she can ride it in the afternoon.

Section Three: Reading Comprehension

Directions: Read the passages and choose the one best answer, (1) , (2), (3) or (4), for each question.

Passage 1

Polar bears live in the circumpolar north in areas where they can hunt their primary prey, ice seals. They are found in Canada (home to roughly 60% of the world's polar bears), the U.S. (Alaska), Greenland, Russia, and Norway. The polar bear Range States have identified 19 populations of polar bear living in four different sea ice regions across the Arctic.

Although popular art and children's books often show polar bears and penguins together, the two live at opposite poles. Polar bears live in the Arctic, a massive frozen sea surrounded by continents. Penguins live in Antarctica, an ice-covered continent surrounded by oceans.

Polar bears may be just as smart as some apes, according to research scientist Alison Ames. Their success at hunting seals in a dynamic arctic environment is one sign of their brain power. "This is learned behavior and reveals that polar bears are very intelligent animals. They are highly cognitive creatures that top the food chain in Polar Regions. You have to be very clever to do that. Hunting and trapping a seal is no easy matter".

Ames has watched polar bears in zoo setting smash open ice blocks in order to extract embedded fish. And she has seen bears stack heaps of plastic pipe that they later knock over in elaborate games.

Polar bears communicate through their body language, vocalizations, and scent markings. Head wagging from side to side often occurs when polar bears want to play. Adult bears initiate play-which is actually ritualized fighting or mock battling-by standing on their hind legs, chin lowered to their chests, and front paws hanging by their sides. Nose-to-nose greetings are the way a bear asks another bear for something, such as food. The guest bear will approach slowly, circle around a carcass, and then meekly touch the other bear's nose. Indigenous communities eat polar bear meat and use the fur to make warm trousers for men and kamiks (soft boots) for women. The liver is the only part of the bear that is traditionally discarded. It can make even sled dogs violently ill due to its toxic levels of Vitamin A.

66- Which of the following is NOT true?

- 1) Polar bears live in the same pole that penguins live.
- 2) Polar bears live where they can hunt ice seals.
- 3) Polar bears live in the opposite pole from where penguins live.
- 4) Polar bears do not live in Antarctic.

67- It has been reported that

- 1) four populations of polar bears live in 19 regions.
- 2) 19 populations of polar bears live in four regions.
- 3) The largest population of polar bears lives in Greenland.
- 4) The largest population of polar bears lives in Russia and Norway.

68- Antarctic is

- 1) where polar bears live
- 2) a massive frozen sea surrounded by continents
- 3) an ice-covered continent surrounded by oceans
- 4) the area covering Canada, Alaska, Greenland, Norway, and Russia

69- Polar bears are

- | | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| 1) more intelligent than apes | 2) less intelligent than apes |
| 3) equally intelligent as apes | 4) not comparable to apes in intelligence |

70- The sign for polar bears' intelligence is

- 1) their hunting behavior
- 2) their communication through body language and vocalization
- 3) the places they choose to live
- 4) the way they play with plastic pipes

71- Polar bears do NOT communicate through

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| 1) moving their body | 2) hunting |
| 3) vocalization | 4) smelling |

72- If a polar bear stands on its legs with its chin close to its chest, it means that it

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- | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|
| 1) wants to fight | 2) is asking for food |
| 3) feels endangered | 4) wants to play |

73- "Prey" in the first line of the first paragraph is closest to the meaning of

- | | | | |
|----------|---------|-----------|-----------|
| 1) enemy | 2) food | 3) victim | 4) animal |
|----------|---------|-----------|-----------|

74- In the third paragraph it is said that polar bears top the food chain. This means that

..... .

- 1) polar bears are the best hunters in the area
- 2) polar bears hunt different animals but no animal can hunt them
- 3) polar bears are the most intelligent and cognitive animals in the area
- 4) there are other animals that can hunt polar bears

75- What makes polar bears' hunting important and interesting is

- 1) the types of animal they hunt
- 2) the way they hunt
- 3) the way they communicate with the animal they hunt
- 4) the environment in which they hunt

Passage 2

Thomas Edison was born on February 11, 1847 in Milan, Ohio. He was nicknamed "Al" at an early age. At age 11, Edison moved to Michigan where he spent the remainder of his childhood. Thomas Edison struggled at school, but learned to love reading and conducting experiments from his mother who taught him at home. At age 15, Edison became a "tramp telegrapher", sending and receiving messages via morse code, an electronically-conveyed alphabet using different clicks for each letter. Eventually, he worked for the Union Army as a telegrapher. Edison often entertained himself by taking things apart to see how they worked. Soon, he decided to become an inventor.

In 1870, Edison moved to New York City and improved the stock ticker. He soon formed his own company that manufactured the new stock tickers. He also began working on the telegraph, and invented a version that could send four messages at once. Meanwhile, Edison married Mary Stillwell, had three children, and moved his family to Menlo Park, New Jersey where he started his famous laboratory.

In 1877, Edison, with help from "muckers", individuals from around the world looking to make fortunes in America, invented the phonograph. The phonograph was a machine that recorded and played back sounds. He perfected the phonograph by recording "Mary had a Little Lamb" on a piece of tin foil! In 1878, Edison invented the light bulb as well as the power grid system, which could generate electricity and deliver it to homes through a network of wires. He subsequently started the Edison Electric Light Company in October of 1878.

In 1884, after he attained great fame and fortune, Mary Stillwell died. Edison remarried 20 year-old Mina Miller in 1886. He had three more children and moved to West Orange, New Jersey. At West Orange, Edison built one of the largest laboratories in the world. He worked extremely hard and registered 1,093 patents. Edison continued to invent or improve products and make significant contributions to x-ray technology, storage batteries, and motion pictures (movies). He also invented the world's first talking doll. His inventions changed the world forever. They still influence the way we live today. Edison worked until his death on October 18, 1931.

76- In which state did NOT Thomas Edison live?

- 1) Michigan 2) Ohio 3) New York 4) Massachusetts

77- How many children did Thomas Edison have?

- 1) 3 2) 4 3) 5 4) 6

78- Which of the following statements describes Morse Code?

- 1) a language for deaf people 2) a system of clicks that stand for letters
3) a system of clicks 4) a set of clicks that stand for words

79- What was one of Thomas Edison's first accomplishments?

- 1) Inventing an improved stock ticker 2) Inventing the light bulb
3) Inventing an improved x-ray 4) Inventing tin foil

80- A phonograph is most similar to a

- 1) microphone 2) Walkie-Talkie
3) record player 4) television

81- Who can be considered a mucker?

- 1) Someone from another country
2) Someone from another country hoping to find a home in America
3) Someone from another country hoping to make a fortune in America
4) Someone from Tomas Edison's family

82- Which of the following Thomas Edison did NOT invent?

- 1) A power system that could deliver electricity to homes
2) The first stock ticker
3) The first phonograph
4) The first talking doll

83- What does the quote "Genius is 1 percent inspiration and 99 percent perspiration" mean?

- 1) Only genius people should think of new ideas.
- 2) One percent of people are capable of ingenuity.
- 3) Genius people have to sweat a lot to come up with good ideas.
- 4) Great ideas take much more hard work than ingenuity.

84- What is a *patent*?

- 1) An idea that is the property of a person.
- 2) An idea that everyone can use.
- 3) An idea that can only be used in the future.
- 4) An idea that is never used.

85- What happened at the end?

- 1) Thomas Edison was nicknamed Al.
- 2) Thomas Edison was a "tramp telegrapher".
- 3) Edison served in the Union army.
- 4) Edison moved to New York City.

Section Four: Cloze Passages

Read the following passages and fill in the blanks with the most appropriate choice.

Passage 1

The honey bee is a very unusual kind of insect. ...(86)... other insects which live alone, the honey bee lives as a member of a community. These bees live ...(87)... in what is known as a bee colony. The head of the colony is called the queen bee, which is larger than the rest of the bees. Her main task ...(88)... the colony is to lay eggs. Most of the other bees are the worker bees. These bees ...(89)... nectar and pollen from flowers. The nectar that is carried by the worker bees is deposited on the hive and then converted ...(90)... honey. The worker bees also help look after the young bees.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|------------|--------------|------------|
| 86- 1) like | 2) unlike | 3) different | 4) special |
| 87- 1) together | 2) through | 3) during | 4) at once |
| 88- 1) on | 2) of | 3) out | 4) in |
| 89- 1) collect | 2) have | 3) separate | 4) push |
| 90- 1) onto | 2) into | 3) inside | 4) on |

Passage 2

John Amos is a salesperson. He ...(91)... from door to door selling vacuum cleaners. On his first day of work, he decided to sell his goods by knocking ...(92)... the doors of a private housing area. "My first customer", he thought as he pressed the doorbell of the first house. A middle-aged woman opened the door. John began to ...(93)... the product he was selling. The next minute, the door ...(94)... slammed shut. "Not interested!" John heard her shout ...(95)... the closed door. She refused to open the door despite John's persistent knocking.

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|-------------------|----------|------------|-------------|
| 91-1) goes | 2) shows | 3) brings | 4) takes |
| 92-1) in | 2) on | 3) at | 4) off |
| 93-1) say | 2) tell | 3) explain | 4) state |
| 94-1) is | 2) was | 3) had | 4) is being |
| 95-1) in front of | 2) below | 3) down | 4) behind |

Passage 3

Crisis management is the process by which an organization deals with a major event that threatens to harm the organization, its stakeholders, or the general public. The study of crisis management ...(96)... with the large-scale industrial and environmental ...(97)... in the 1980s. It is considered to be the ...(98)... important process in public relations.

Three elements are ...(99)... to a crisis; a threat to the organization, the element of surprise, and a ...(100)... decision time. Venette argues that "crisis is a process of transformation where the old system can no longer be maintained".

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|--------------|-------------------|
| 96-1) originated | 2) created | 3) invented | 4) infuriated |
| 97-1) obstructions | 2) preventions | 3) disasters | 4) demonstrations |
| 98-1) best | 2) most | 3) least | 4) worst |
| 99-1) common | 2) mutual | 3) mandatory | 4) official |
| 100-1) big | 2) short | 3) long | 4) small |